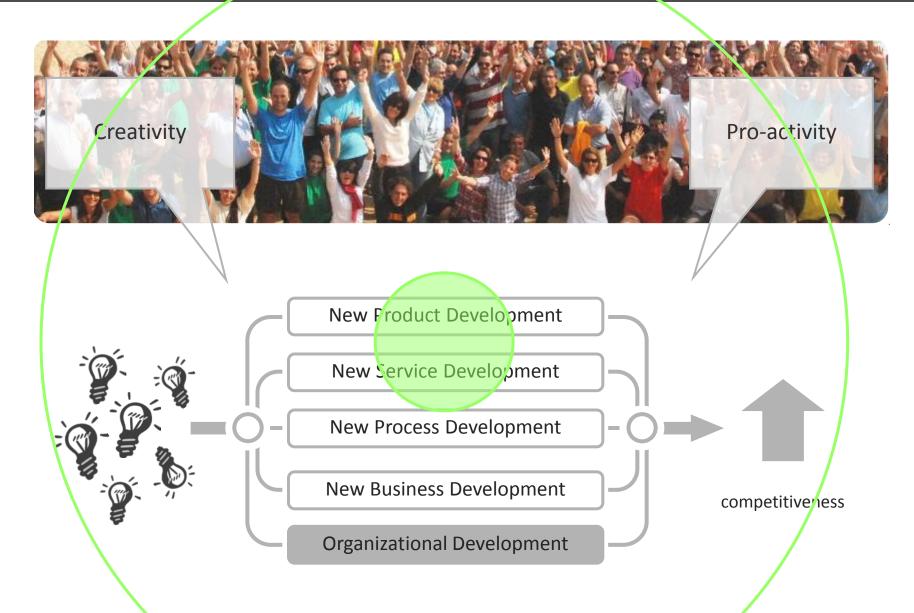


Good designers get things done. Integral design projects as a driver for innovation.

- > Introduction
- > The nature of product design
- > Integral product design
- > Examples
- > Discussion integral x-design academic programmes.









> The development of products that embody new knowledge or new ideas.

Research | Discovery | Ideation

Technology
Consumers
Business



Product development Industrialization | Commercialization

Production development

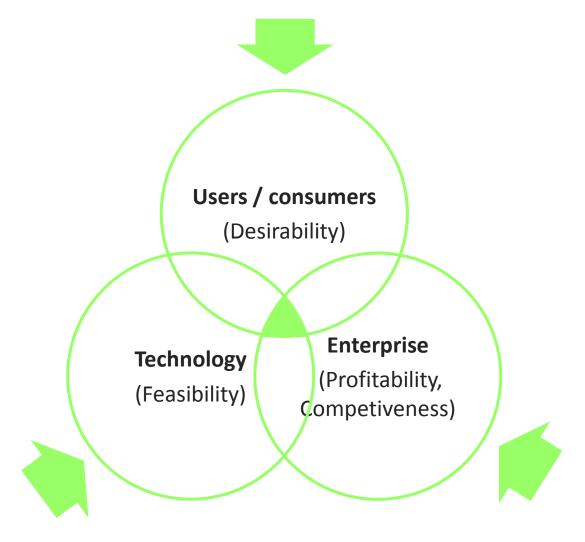
Market launch



- Creation
- > Prototyping / testing / learning
- Risk management
- > Material / resource management (economical and ecological)
- Information / quotation / validation
- > Selection / specification / detail
- Integration

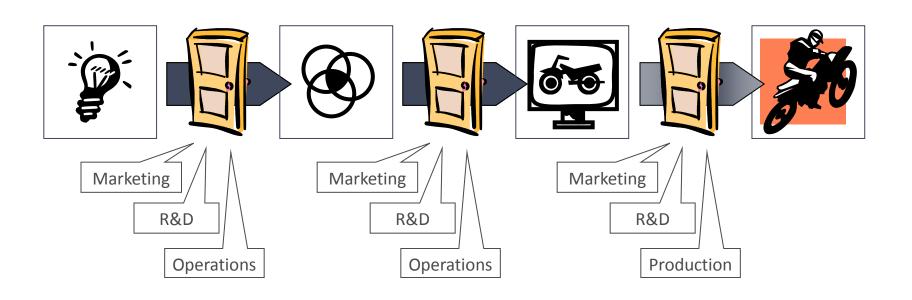


Integral



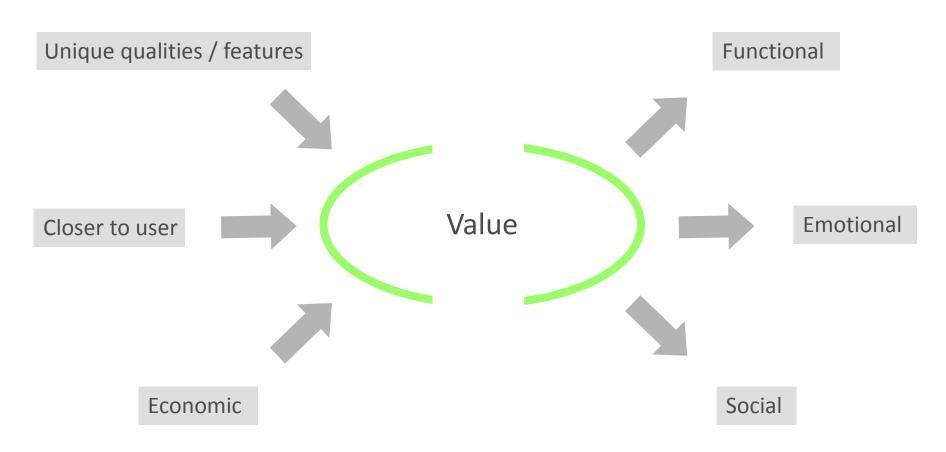


Quality





Value





4 principles of Integral Product Design

- Integral -> develop different aspects simultaneously, in a cross-functional setting.
- Life cycle approach -> discover, attack and solve future challenges as early as possible.
- Users centered -> design for all the users and stakeholders in the product's "eco-system".
- > Quality / value process -> plan, monitor, validate.



Innovation – what often goes wrong...

- Innovation is mixed up with the development radically new technologies ("this is not for us...")
- > Ideas are not shared or developed within the enterprise.
- The management is positive about innovation, but does not provide the necessary framework
- Innovation is limited to one of the enterprise's departments (often R&D) or a single employee
- Disagree about the direction to take; ideas and new knowledge exist, but are not aligned.





Project description: scope, novelty and goals

Understanding of the
"voice of the
customer", the
business model and
technological
context

Specification of the new generation of products to be developed Roadmap of the R&D and market development to be realized

Scoping

Analysis

Conceptual design

Road-mapping

- > Quick-scan of the enterprise
- Collect, generate and organize ideas for new and improved products
- Define product development goals

- > Product life (cycle) analysis
- User and client research
- State of the art and benchmarking studies
- Need-specification (users, clients, enterprise)

- Specification of hardware references, functions and features
- Conceptual design encasings
- > Hardware (PCB) architecture
- > Specification of the marketing concept
- > Cost-estimation

- > R&D planning
- Industrial design planning
- > Prototype planning
- Marketing planning
- Financial planning



















Itinerario ADÑ

- > Programme to foster design and innovation in SMEs in Spain
- Client: Spanish Agency for Design and Innovation (DDI, now part of ENISA)
- > 1,3 mln.€ budget, 46 SMEs participated (2009 2011).

Innovation Organization Innovation New product Innovation New concept strategy and of product management process audit innovation development development development system plan **Organizing** Innovation strategy New product / service development innovation



95% of the participants considered the ADÑ programme useful or very useful for their company

- Working in a cross-functional team for ideation and decision making
- Systematic and practical methodology
- User centered approach

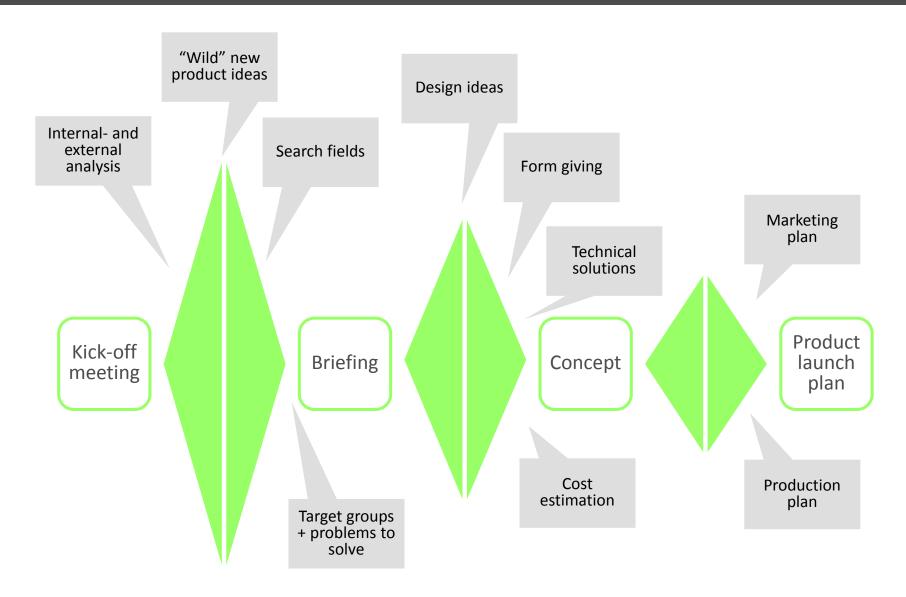
> Some companies speak in terms of "before and after"



IDP project (Delft University of Technology)

- > Teams of 4-6, 4th grade students Industrial Design Engineering
- > For (in cooperation with) SMEs and multinationals
- Soal: design of a product that is new for the company
- 5-8 months, tutoring every 1 or 2 weeks, minimal 4 meetings with the company
- > The use of methodology is compulsory
- The programme is running for about 30 (!) years now.





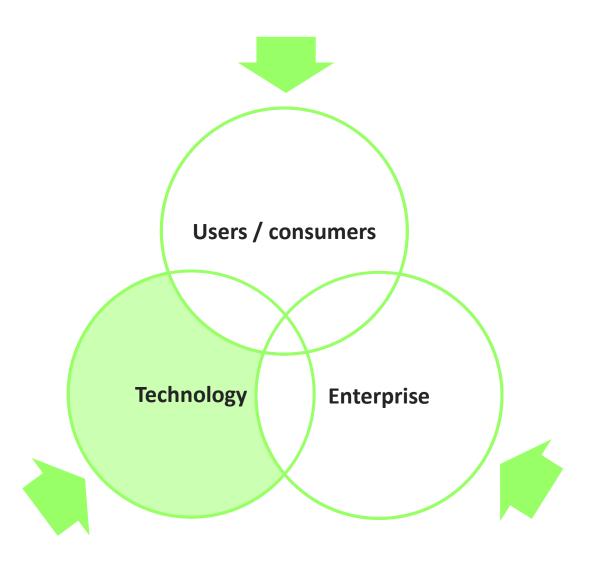


Integral product design projects are a good way for companies to begin innovating

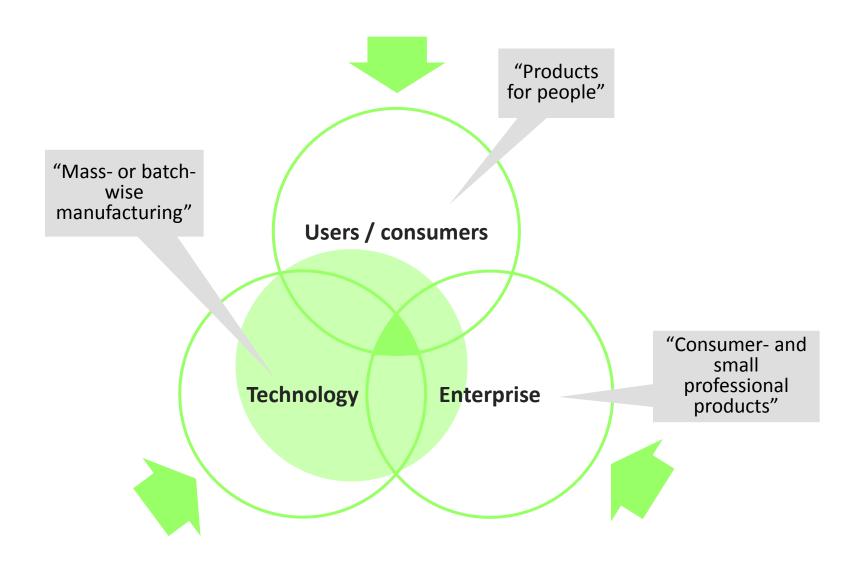
- > Fast, tangible intermediate results
- > Practical but systematic
- Cross-functional (improves communication)
- User / customer orientation

Product design projects often make the company to make the necessary organization changes in a natural way.











Industrial Design versus Mechanical Engineering (DUT)

- + Integral design projects (20%)
- + Customer research / marketing
- + User interaction and ergonomics
- > + Form giving (aesthetics)
- + Creativity and innovation management
- Engineering courses (focus on mass-production)



Discussion

- Integral Industrial Design
- > Integral Informatics Design?
- Integral Electronic Design?
- Integral Biomedical Design?
- Integral Materials Design?
- Integral Telecom Design?
- Integral Energy Design?
- Integral Robot Design?
- > ...



Thank you for you attention!

- Menno Veefkind
- > mnnbcn@gmail.com
- > +34 6256283534
- Linkedin